## **Display Games**

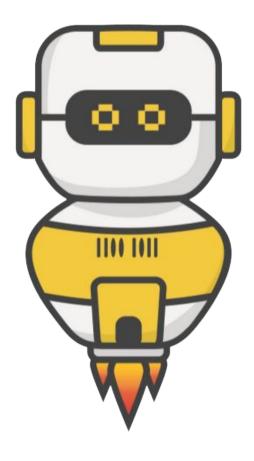
Mission 4



#### **Pre-Mission Preparation**

In the Mission 4 log, answer the pre-mission preparation questions:

- Other than a computer or cellphone, what are some things that have a screen?
- What are things you might want to display on a screen?







#### **Objective #1: Back to the display**

- In Mission 2, your program displayed an image. The first image you displayed was a HEART.
- You will practice displaying an image on the LCD screen

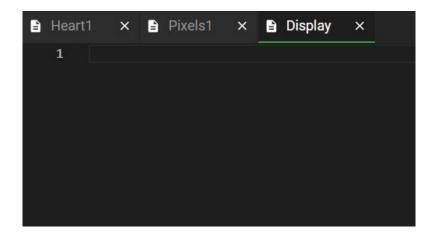








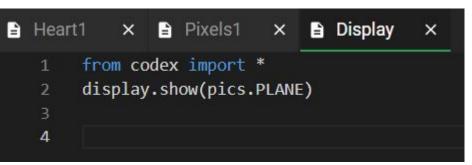
- Create a new file named **Display**
- Click the File menu button
- Select "New File..."
- Name the file **Display** 
  - no spaces in a file name
- Click Create







- Add two lines of code to display a PLANE
- Run your code









#### **Objective #2: Text messages**

Computers work with different types of data.

So far you have worked with:

- Integers (counting numbers)
- CodeX images

#### pics.HEART

- pics.HEART\_SMALL
- pics.MUSIC
- pics.HAPPY
- pics.SAD

- pics.SURPRISED
- pics.ASLEEP
- pics.TARGET
- pics.TSHIRT
- pics.PLANE

- pics.HOUSE
- pics.TIARA



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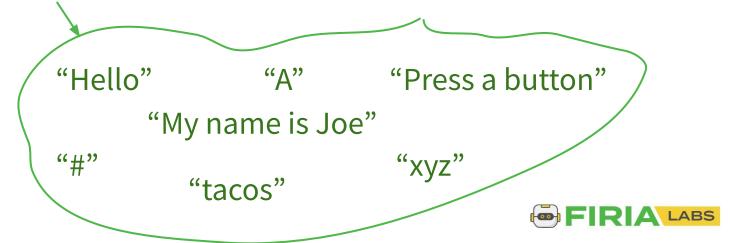
33



#### **Objective #2: Text messages**

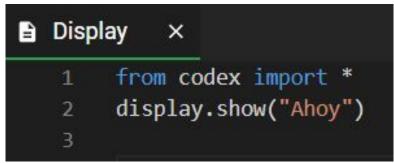
You might also want to display words.

- Words, letters, and characters are the data **type string**
- Indicate a string by using "quotation marks"





- Go to the Mission Log
- Write examples of different data types
- Change the code in the display.show() function to display the text "Ahoy"







#### **Objective #3: Good with numbers?**

A computer is very good at doing math.

- When you define a **variable**, you assign it a value
- So far you assigned a literal value
- You can also assign a value by doing math



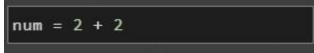




Use a simple calculation to assign a value to a variable

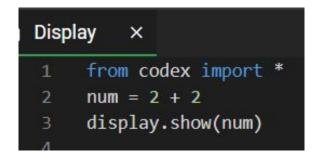
#### **DO THIS:**

• Add a line of code that uses the assignment statement shown on the last slide



• Use the display.show() statement to show the num variable



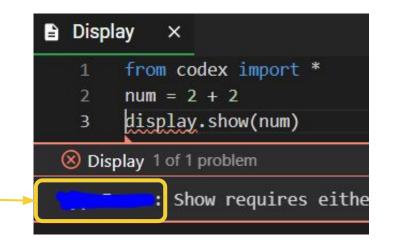




The code caused an error

#### **DO THIS:**

• Go to your Mission Log and write the error message







## **Objective #4: Converting types**

Why does display.show(num) not work?

display.show("Ahoy") works

• "Ahoy" is a type string

- display.show(pics.HEART) works
  - pics.HEART is a type CodeX image
- display.show(num) does not work
  - **num** is a type **integer**





## **Objective #4: Converting types**

Why does display.show(num) not work?

It doesn't work with an **integer**, but it will work with a **string --** the **type** is wrong.

- If an integer is converted, or changed, to a string, then display.show() will work -- no error
- Python has a function that will convert (change) any value to a **string** 
  - str()



**EXAMPLES:** 

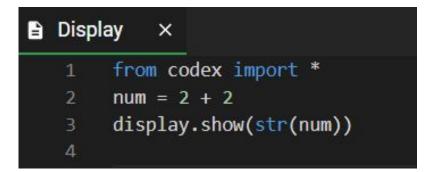
For each of these examples, the value in the (parenthesis) is changed to a **"string"** 

- str(1)
- str(num)



Modify your code by using the str() conversion function

- Change the display.show(num) code to use the **str()** function
  - Be careful to match your parenthesis
- Run your code







#### **Objective #5: Second show message**

Can you display two messages?

In Mission 3, you tried showing two (or four) different colors in a pixel. This didn't work until you slowed down the program by using a sleep().

What do you think will happen if you try to display two messages?





## Mission Activity #5 DO THIS:

- What do you think will happen if you try to print two messages?
- Go to the Mission Log and write your prediction
- Then change your code to display two messages:

#### Display ×

4

- 1 from codex import \*
- 2 display.show("Hello")
- 3 display.show("World")





## **Objective #6: Printing text**

The display.show() command will only show one thing at a time. So, just like the pixels, the second thing is displayed on top of the first thing.

- CodeX has another way to display a string
- Use display.print("string")
- All **display.print("string")** messages will be displayed, one after another -- each on its own line





Change your code to **print** the **strings**.

#### **DO THIS:**

• Change the display.show() command to display.print()

<b>1</b>	Disp	olay ×
	1	<pre>from codex import *</pre>
	2	<pre>display.print("Hello")</pre>
	3	<pre>display.print("World")</pre>
	4	

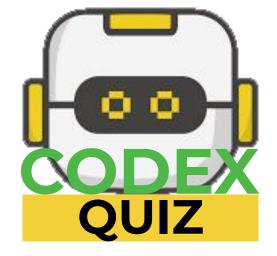




## **Typed and Printed quiz**

So far you have learned about Python data types and the display.print() command.

• Answer the quiz questions







## **Objective #7: Branching**

During the next objectives, you will create a button-pressing game. Here are the parts of the game:

- 1. Display a button to press.
- 2. Press and hold the button. You will have one second.
- 3. If the correct button is pressed, light a pixel GREEN, otherwise light the pixel RED

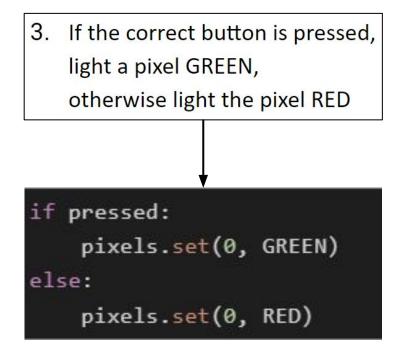




### **Objective #7: Branching**

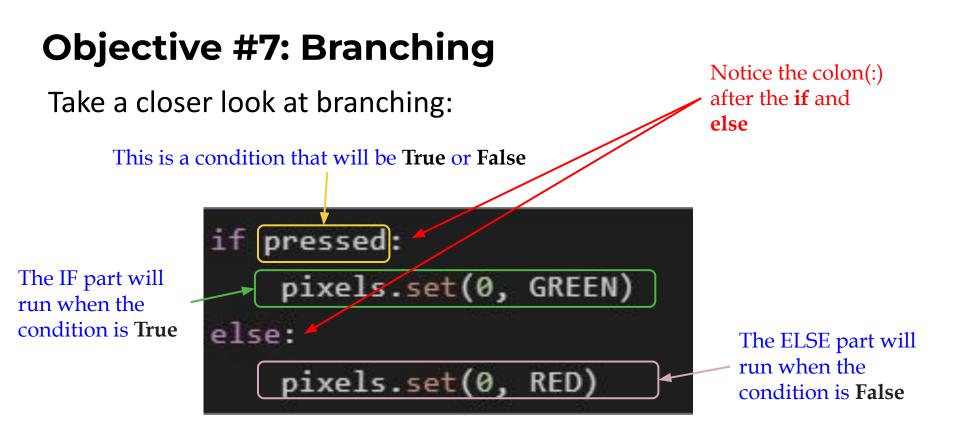
Step #3 is a new concept -- branching.

- Branching is when the computer makes a choice between two things.
- Here is an example of branching.
- Notice the indenting -- this is very important!













#### **Objective #7: Branching**

if pressed:			
<pre>pixels.set(0,</pre>	GREEN)		
else:			
<pre>pixels.set(0,</pre>	RED)		

In this example, pressed will be either **True** or **False** (no "quotations")

This is a data type: Boolean

Now you know four data types:

Integer

- **1, 54, 720**
- CodeX image
  - pics.HEART, pics.MUSIC
- String
  - "Hello", "Press A", "cake"
- Boolean
  - True, False





The best way to learn about branching is to try it:

- Delete most of your code and type the code to the right
- Run the code
  - Do you see a GREEN light?
- Change line 5 to **pressed = False**
- Run the code
  - Do you see a RED light?

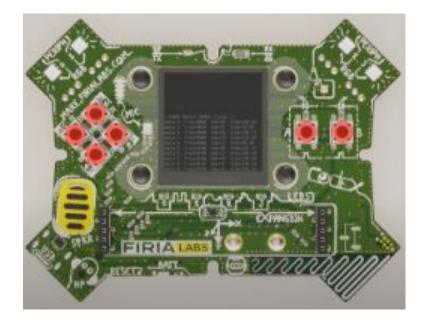
🗎 Dis	olay ×
1	<pre>from codex import *</pre>
2	from time import sleep
3	
4	sleep(1)
5	pressed = True
6	if pressed:
7	<pre>pixels.set(0, GREEN)</pre>
8	else:
9	<pre>pixels.set(0, RED)</pre>
10	



## **Objective #8: Button hunting**

The game will use any four of the six buttons.

- Look at the picture of the CodeX.
- Can you find all 6 buttons?







- Close the instructions panel
- Use the camera to rotate the CodeX until you see the front
- Click on all 6 buttons







#### **Objective #9: Gamer input**

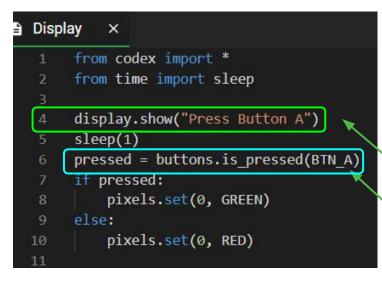
There are 2 ways to check for a button press:

- buttons.was\_pressed(BTN\_A)
  - Checks to see if button A was pressed since the last check
- buttons.is\_pressed(BTN\_A)
  - Checks to see if button A is currently pressed

Any of the 6 buttons can be checked in ( ).







For this game, you will check for currently pressed

- Add line 4
- Change line 6
- Run the code and press Button A
- Run the code again and do not press
   Button A
- Do you get the results you expect?

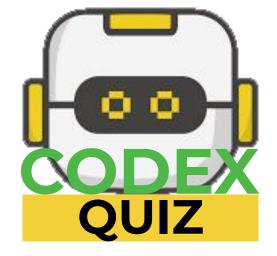




## **Buttons and Branching quiz**

You have been learning about branching and checking for pressed buttons.

• Answer the two quiz questions







## **Objective #10: For the win!**

Now just check a few more buttons and you have a serious twitch game!

- You can use whatever buttons you want
- You have 6 buttons to choose from:
  - BTN\_A, BTN\_B,
     BTN\_L, BTN\_R, BTN\_U, BTN\_D
- What 4 buttons do you want to use for your game?

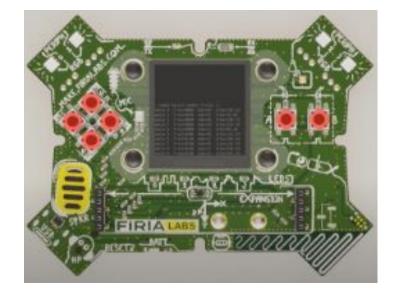






#### **DO THIS:**

 Go to the Mission Log and record the four buttons you will use for your game







#### **DO THIS:**

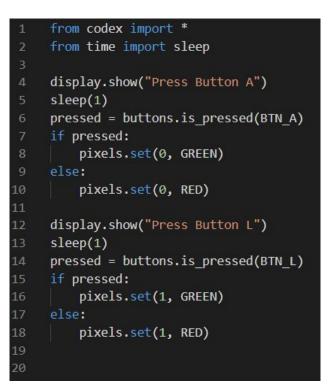
- In your code, copy line 4 through line 10
- Paste the code below line 10
- Change Button A to the second button you want to use
  - Change it in the display.show()
  - Change it in buttons.is\_pressed
- Change the pixel from 0 to 1

# Display × 1 from codex import \* 2 from time import sleep 3 4 display.show("Press Button A") 5 sleep(1) 6 pressed = buttons.is\_pressed(BTN\_A) 7 if pressed: 8 pixels.set(0, GREEN) 9 else: 10 pixels.set(0, RED) 11





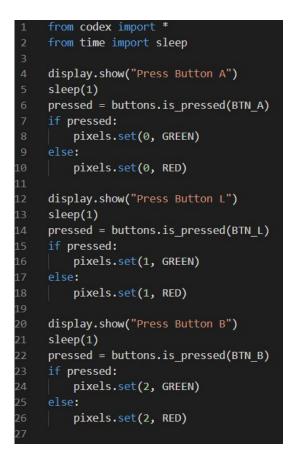
- Paste the code again, below the current code
- Change the button to the third button you want to use
  - Change it in the display.show()
  - Change it in buttons.is\_pressed
- Change the pixel to 2







- Paste the code one more time, below the current code
- Change the button to the fourth button you want to use
  - Change it in the display.show()
  - Change it in buttons.is\_pressed
- Change the pixel to 3







At this point you should have code for the four buttons you chose.

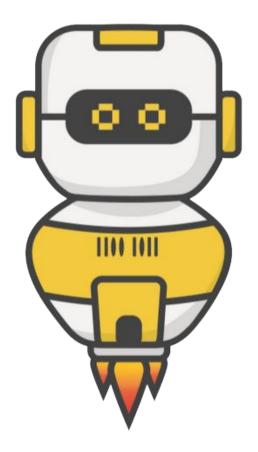
- Run the code
- If you have any errors, fix them
- Try pressing all the buttons and getting all green lights
- Try the code again, missing some of the buttons
- Do you get the results you expect?
- Make any changes you need to so that your program works correctly
- Have someone else try your game





#### **Post-Mission Reflection**

- Read the "completed mission" message and click to complete the mission
- Complete the Mission 4 Log







# **Clearing your CodeX**

Go to FILE -- BROWSE FILES Select the "**Clear**" file and open it Run the program to clear the CodeX

